92_HB4094 LRB9215514LDtm

1 AN ACT in relation to the expungement and sealing of

- 2 arrest and court records.
- 3 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 4 represented in the General Assembly:
- 5 Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by
- 6 changing Section 5 as follows:

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- 7 (20 ILCS 2630/5) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-5)
- 8 Sec. 5. Arrest reports; expungement.
- (a) All policing bodies of this State shall furnish to 9 the Department, daily, in the form and detail the Department 10 requires, fingerprints and descriptions of all persons who 11 are arrested on charges of violating any penal statute of 12 13 this State for offenses that are classified as felonies and Class A or B misdemeanors and of all minors of the age of 10 14 15 and over who have been arrested for an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult, and may forward such 16 fingerprints and descriptions for minors arrested for Class A 17 18 or B misdemeanors. Moving or nonmoving traffic violations under the Illinois Vehicle Code shall not be reported except 19 20 for violations of Chapter 4, Section 11-204.1, or Section 11-501 of that Code. In addition, conservation offenses, as 21
- Whenever an adult or minor prosecuted as an adult, not 24 having previously been convicted of any criminal offense or 25 26 municipal ordinance violation, charged with a violation of 27 municipal ordinance or a felony or misdemeanor, is acquitted or released without being convicted, whether the acquittal or 28 29 release occurred before, on, or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991, the Chief Judge of the circuit 30 31 wherein the charge was brought, any judge of that circuit

as Class B misdemeanors shall not be reported.

defined in the Supreme Court Rule 501(c), that are classified

1 designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 2 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial may upon verified petition of the defendant 3 4 order the record of arrest expunged from the official records 5 of the arresting authority and the Department and order that the records of the clerk of the circuit court be sealed until 6 7 further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name 8 of the defendant obliterated on the official index required 9 to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any 10 11 index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of 12 The Department may charge the petitioner a fee the order. 13 equivalent to the cost of processing any order to expunge or seal the records, and the fee shall be deposited into the 14 15 State Police Services Fund. The records of those arrests, however, that result in a disposition of supervision for any 16 17 offense <u>must</u> shall-net be expunded from the records of arresting authority or the Department and nor impounded by 18 19 the court <u>immediately</u> until--2--years after discharge and 20 termination dismissal of supervision. Those--records-that 2.1 result-from-a-supervision-for-a-violation-of--Section--3-707, 22 3-7087-3-7107-5-401.37-or-11-503-of-the-Illinois-Vehicle-Code 23 or--a--similar--provision--of--a--local--ordinance,--or-for-a violation-of-Section-12-3-27-12-15-or-16A-3-of--the--Criminal 24 25 Code--of--1961,-or-probation-under-Section-10-of-the-Cannabis Control--Act,--Section--410--of---the---Illinois---Controlled 26 27 Substances--Act₇-Section-12-4.3(b)(1)-and-(2)-of-the-Criminal 28 Code-of--1961--(as--those--provisions--existed--before--their 29 deletion--by--Public--Act--89-313),--Section--10-102--of--the 30 Illinois--Alcoholism--and--Other-Drug-Dependency-Act-when-the 31 judgment-of-conviction-has-been-vacated,-Section-40-10-of-the 32 Alcoholism-and-Other-Drug-Abuse-and-Dependency-Act--when--the 33 judgment-of-conviction-has-been-vacated,-or-Section-10-of-the 34 Steroid-Control-Act-shall-not-be-expunged-from-the-records-of

1 the--arresting--authority--nor-impounded-by-the-court-until-5 2 years-after-termination-of-probation-or--supervision. records that result from a supervision for a violation of 3 4 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 5 provision of a local ordinance, shall not be expunged. All records set out above $\underline{\text{must}}$ may be ordered by the court to $\ \ \text{be}$ 6 7 expunged from the records of the arresting authority and immediately impounded by the court and after--5--years,--but 8 9 shall--not--be expunged by the Department and,-but-shall,-on court--order--be sealed by the Department and 10 may be 11 disseminated by the Department only as required by law or to 12 the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or a similar offense or for 13 the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. 14 15 conviction for any offense, the Department of Corrections 16 shall have access to all sealed records of the Department pertaining to that individual. 17 18

(a-5) Those records maintained by the Department for persons arrested prior to their 17th birthday shall be expunged as provided in Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

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22 Whenever a person has been convicted of a crime or 23 the violation of a municipal ordinance, in the name of a person whose identity he has stolen or otherwise come 24 25 possession of, the aggrieved person from whom the identity was stolen or otherwise obtained without authorization, 26 27 learning of the person having been arrested using his identity, may, upon verified petition to the chief judge of 28 29 the circuit wherein the arrest was made, have a court order 30 entered nunc pro tunc by the chief judge to correct the arrest record, conviction record, if any, and all official 31 32 records of the arresting authority, the Department, other criminal justice agencies, the prosecutor, and the trial 33 34 court concerning such arrest, if any, by removing his name

1 from all such records in connection with the arrest and 2 conviction, if any, and by inserting in the records the name of the offender, if known or ascertainable, in lieu of 3 4 aggrieved's has name. The records of the clerk of the 5 circuit court clerk shall be sealed until further order 6 the court upon good cause shown and the name of the aggrieved 7 person obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of 8 9 Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. 10 11 Nothing in this Section shall limit the Department of State Police or other criminal justice agencies or prosecutors from 12 listing under an offender's name the false names he or 13 For purposes of this Section, convictions for 14 has used. nonmoving traffic violations 15 moving and other 16 convictions for violations of Chapter 4, Section 11-204.1 or Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall not be a 17 bar to expunging the record of arrest and court records for 18 19 violation of a misdemeanor or municipal ordinance. 20

Whenever a person who has been convicted of an (C) offense is granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically authorizes expungement, he may, upon verified petition to the chief judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial, may have a court order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records of the clerk of the circuit court and the Department be sealed until further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the defendant obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest

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and conviction for the offense for which he had been pardoned but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Department may be disseminated by the Department only as required by law or to the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed records of the Department pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the clerk of the circuit court shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was pardoned.

- (c-5) Whenever a person has been convicted of criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, the victim of that offense may request that the State's Attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred file a verified petition with the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial to have a court order entered to seal the records of the clerk of the circuit court in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning that offense. However, the records of the arresting authority and the Department of State Police concerning the offense shall not be sealed. The court, upon good cause shown, shall make the records of the clerk of the circuit court in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning the offense available for public inspection.
- (d) Notice of the <u>order of expungement and sealing of records in relation to supervision and a petition for petition-for subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, the arresting agency and the chief legal officer of the unit</u>

- of local government affecting the arrest. Unless the State's
- 2 Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, the
- 3 arresting agency or such chief legal officer objects to the
- 4 petition within 30 days from the date of the notice, the
- 5 court shall enter an order granting or denying the petition.
- 6 The clerk of the court shall promptly mail a copy of the
- order to the person, the arresting agency, the prosecutor,
- 8 the Department of State Police and such other criminal
- 9 justice agencies as may be ordered by the judge.
- 10 (e) Nothing herein shall prevent the Department of State
- 11 Police from maintaining all records of any person who is
- 12 admitted to probation upon terms and conditions and who
- 13 fulfills those terms and conditions pursuant to Section 10 of
- 14 the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois
- 15 Controlled Substances Act, Section 12-4.3 of the Criminal
- 16 Code of 1961, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and
- 17 Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism
- and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the
- 19 Steroid Control Act.
- 20 (f) No court order issued pursuant to the expungement
- 21 provisions of this Section shall become final for purposes of
- 22 appeal until 30 days after notice is received by the
- 23 Department. Any court order contrary to the provisions of
- 24 this Section is void.
- 25 (g) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c-5) of
- 26 this Section, the court shall not order the sealing or
- 27 expungement of the arrest records and records of the circuit
- 28 court clerk of any person granted supervision for or
- 29 convicted of any sexual offense committed against a minor
- 30 under 18 years of age. For the purposes of this Section,
- 31 "sexual offense committed against a minor" includes but is
- 32 not limited to the offenses of indecent solicitation of a
- 33 child or criminal sexual abuse when the victim of such
- offense is under 18 years of age.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-00; 91-295, eff. 1-1-00;
- 2 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; revised 12-3-01.)
- 3 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3.1)
- 4 Sec. 5-6-3.1. Incidents and Conditions of Supervision.
- 5 (a) When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court
- 6 shall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of
- 7 such supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the

The period of supervision shall be reasonable under

8 case until the conclusion of the period.

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- 10 all of the circumstances of the case, but may not be longer than 2 years, unless the defendant has failed to pay the 11 assessment required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control 12 Act or Section 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances 13 14 Act, in which case the court may extend supervision beyond 2 15 years. Additionally, the court shall order the defendant to perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not 16 17 more than 120 hours of community service, if community 18 service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, 19 2.0 when the offense (1) was related to or in furtherance of the 21 criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by 22 the defendant's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang; or (2) is a violation of any Section of Article 24 23 24 the Criminal Code of 1961 where a disposition of supervision is not prohibited by Section 5-6-1 of this Code. 25 community service shall include, but not be limited to, the 26 cleanup and repair of any damage caused by violation of 27
- 28 Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar
- 29 damages to property located within the municipality or county
- 30 in which the violation occurred. Where possible and
- 31 reasonable, the community service should be performed in the
- 32 offender's neighborhood.
- For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has

1	the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois
2	Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.
3	(c) The court may in addition to other reasonable
4	conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the
5	rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each
6	defendant in the proper discretion of the court require that
7	the person:
8	(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
9	participate with the court or such courts, person, or
10	social service agency as directed by the court in the
11	order of supervision;
12	(2) pay a fine and costs;
13	(3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
14	training;
15	(4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
16	treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
17	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for
18	the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
19	(6) support his dependents;
20	(7) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
21	dangerous weapon;
22	(8) and in addition, if a minor:
23	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster
24	home;
25	(ii) attend school;
26	(iii) attend a non-residential program for
27	youth;
28	(iv) contribute to his own support at home or
29	in a foster home; or
30	(v) with the consent of the superintendent of
31	the facility, attend an educational program at a
32	facility other than the school in which the offense
33	was committed if he or she is placed on supervision
34	for a crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of

the Crime Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school;

- (9) make restitution or reparation in an amount not to exceed actual loss or damage to property and pecuniary loss or make restitution under Section 5-5-6 to a domestic violence shelter. The court shall determine the amount and conditions of payment;
- (10) perform some reasonable public or community service;
- order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. If the court has ordered the defendant to make a report and appear in person under paragraph (1) of this subsection, a copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the person or agency so designated by the court;
- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;
- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act;
- (14) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the

purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer;

- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of person, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;
- equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Under this condition the court may allow a defendant who is not self-employed to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's employer that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device in the course and scope of the defendant's employment.
- 22 (d) The court shall defer entering any judgment on the 23 charges until the conclusion of the supervision.
 - (e) At the conclusion of the period of supervision, if the court determines that the defendant has successfully complied with all of the conditions of supervision, the court shall discharge the defendant and enter a judgment dismissing the charges.
- of a disposition of supervision shall be deemed without adjudication of guilt and shall not be termed a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime. The expungement and sealing of arrest and court records of a person who has successfully

1 concluded a disposition of supervision is governed by Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act. Two--years--after--the 2 3 discharge--and--dismissal--under--this--Section,--unless--the 4 disposition--of--supervision--was-for-a-violation-of-Sections 5 3-707, -3-708, -3-710, --5-401, 3, --9r--11-503--9f--the--Illinois6 Vehicle--Code-or-a-similar-provision-of-a-local-ordinance,-or 7 for-a-violation-of-Sections-12-3-2-or-16A-3-of--the--Criminal 8 Code--of--1961,--in--which--case--it--shall--be-5-years-after 9 discharge-and-dismissal,-a-person-may--have--his--record--of 10 arrest--sealed--or--expunged--as--may--be--provided--by--law-11 However, -- any -- defendant-placed-on-supervision-before-January 12 1,-1980,-may-move-for-sealing-or-expungement--of--his--arrest 13 record, --as--provided-by-law, -at-any-time-after-discharge-and 14 dismissal-under-this-Section.-A-person-placed-on--supervision 15 for--a-sexual-offense-committed-against-a-minor-as-defined-in 16 subsection-(g)-of-Section-5-of--the--Criminal--Identification 17 Act--or--for--a--violation--of-Section-11-501-of-the-Illinois Vehiele-Code-or-a-similar--provision--of--a--local--ordinance 18 19 shall--not--have--his--or--her--record--of--arrest--sealed-or 20 expunged. 2.1

(g) A defendant placed on supervision and who during the period of supervision undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs approved electronic monitoring, of incidental to all defendants placed on supervision. The concurrence of the

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- 1 Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order.
- 2 The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit
- 3 court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys
- 4 collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall
- 5 use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing,
- 6 alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county
- 7 treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county
- 8 working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of
- 9 the Counties Code, as the case may be.
- 10 (h) A disposition of supervision is a final order for
- 11 the purposes of appeal.
- 12 (i) The court shall impose upon a defendant placed on
- 13 supervision after January 1, 1992, as a condition of
- 14 supervision, a fee of \$25 for each month of supervision
- ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability
- of the person placed on supervision to pay the fee, the court
- 17 assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a
- 18 minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile
- 19 Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee
- 20 shall be imposed only upon a defendant who is actively
- 21 supervised by the probation and court services department.
- The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court.
- 23 The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected
- 24 from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the
- 25 probation and court services fund pursuant to Section 15.1 of
- the Probation and Probation Officers Act.
- 27 (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for
- 28 any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois
- 29 Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance,
- 30 and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a
- 31 similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected
- 32 and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section
- 33 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- 34 (k) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is placed

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on supervision for a misdemeanor in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony may as a condition of his or her supervision be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. defendant placed on supervision must attend a public institution of education to obtain the educational vocational training required by this subsection (k). The defendant placed on supervision shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee charged for those courses or test. The court shall revoke the supervision of a person who wilfully fails to comply with The court shall this subsection (k). resentence defendant upon revocation of supervision as provided in Section 5-6-4. This subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This subsection (k) does not apply to defendant who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program.

(1) The court shall require a defendant placed on supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and after a finding by the court that the person is addicted, to undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by

- 1 the court.
- 2 (m) The Secretary of State shall require anyone placed
- 3 on court supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the
- 4 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
- 5 ordinance to give proof of his or her financial
- 6 responsibility as defined in Section 7-315 of the Illinois
- 7 Vehicle Code. The proof shall be maintained by the
- 8 individual in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State
- 9 for a minimum period of one year after the date the proof is
- 10 first filed. The proof shall be limited to a single action
- 11 per arrest and may not be affected by any post-sentence
- 12 disposition. The Secretary of State shall suspend the
- driver's license of any person determined by the Secretary to
- 14 be in violation of this subsection.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 91-127, eff. 1-1-00; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00;
- 16 91-903, eff. 1-1-01; 92-282, eff. 8-7-01; 92-458, eff.
- 17 8-22-01; revised 10-11-01.)
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.